RECOMMENDED PROCEDURES FOR:
SEARCH
SECURITY
EVACUATION
DISPOSAL

Bomb Threats

Background
Bomb threats directed against state facilities are on the increase. Destruction of state property by bombing has occurred in several locations throughout the state.
The types of property against which bombs have been employed range from modest private homes to the Capitol of the United States. No agency or department of the state can assume that its employees and facilities will not become the target of a bomb.

Bomb threats directed against state facilities have become almost routine events with some departments. Bomb threats are probably made with the intention of disrupting state business. It may be expected that there will be an even greater increase in the number of the threats if success is achieved by such means in disrupting the normal activities of state agencies.

Advanced planning is essential to effectively cope with emergencies and to minimize the likelihood of injuries to people occupying state facilities. The California Highway Patrol (CHP) will provide necessary technical assistance, guidance and training needed to design and execute plans involving bomb and bomb threat emergencies. We will also assist in search, evacuation and in supplying explosive ordinance specialists to handle suspected devices.

Bomb Threats Call Checklist
ASK:
1. When is the bomb going to explode?
2. Where is the bomb right now?
3. What kind of bomb is it?
4. What does it look like?
5. Why did you place bomb?
6. What is your name and telephone number?

RECORD:
Time of call_____________ Date of call_____________
Exact words of person: ______________________________________
Male □ Female □ Adult □ Child □
Estimated age________
Speech pattern: □ Slow □ Excited □ Disguised □ Rapid □ Loud □
□ Broken □ Normal □ Sincere □
Accent________________
Background noises________________
Additional comments_____________________________________
Name of person receiving call_______________________________
Office____________________ Phone____________________
Home address____________________ Phone______________

NOTIFY:
Upon receipt of a bomb threat, dial the following number immediately and report the call.
(_______) _______ (Extension)

DO NOT DISCUSS THE CALL WITH OTHER PERSONNEL
1. Report the call.
2. Notify your supervisor.
3. Follow instructions.
A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.

A test, or "dry run," of the plan is made to ensure that targets for terrorist bombings are not selected at random. The method of selecting a target and planting an explosive in public buildings appears to follow a definite pattern. The selection of the target building is usually based upon some presumed political gain to the terrorists. It is kept under surveillance to determine the entrances and exits most used, and the time of day when the majority of people enter or leave the building. A survey of the building is made to locate an area where the explosive can be concealed or placed to do the most damage and where the bombers are least likely to be detected.